

Phase 3 take 1 to 4 years.
"Phase 4 trials are carried out once the drug or device has been approved by FDA during the Post-Market Safety Monitoring" as seen at <https://www.fda.gov/patients/drug-development-process/step-3-clinical-research>.

*Therefore, studies should take up to several years, not just days or weeks.

*Read *What's the Truth Behind MMR Vaccine Testing?* by Dr. Joseph Mercola, May 14, 2019, an article at <https://articles.mercola.com/sites/articles/archive/2019/05/14/mmr-vaccine-test.aspx>.

*Studies that do not last long enough cannot pick up many autoimmune reactions. These vaccine trials are the only safety monitoring that occur prior to FDA approval and licensing. *This is why reporting vaccine adverse reactions to VAERS is essential to assess more accurately the injuries caused by vaccines often required for school and employment.*

*The VAERS Awareness Project post-it-note

highlights various known injuries that have been compensated for through the *Vaccine Injury Compensation Program*. According to a Nov. 2018 government report, over \$4 billion has been paid out.

<https://www.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/hrsa/vaccine-compensation/data/monthly-stats-nov-2018.pdf>

*Report all vaccine injuries to VAERS.
<https://vaers.hhs.gov/>
VAERS phone: 1-800-822-7967

*VAERS Table of Reportable Events Following Vaccination:
https://vaers.hhs.gov/docs/VAERS_Table_of_Reportable_Events_Following_Vaccination.pdf

*Most of the Information in this brochure is from the *VAERS Awareness Project*. Spring 2019

For more information, contact:
Wyoming Vaccine Information Network, state chapter of **Vaccination Liberation**.
P.O. Box 615, Buffalo, Wyoming 82834
<http://www.vaclub.org/chapter/wyhome.htm>

Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS)

Are you aware of the need to report vaccine reactions to a government agency?



VAERS Awareness Project, Spring 2019

*In 1986 the *National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act* severely limited the ability of parents to sue

pharmaceutical companies for vaccine injuries. Then in 2011, the U.S. Supreme Court, in a case called *Bruesewitz v. Wyeth*, blocked vaccine injured people from holding drug companies liable regarding design defects and failure to improve vaccines that could have been made less harmful. <https://www.nvic.org/injury-compensation/nvic-position-on-1986-childhood-vaccine-injury-act.aspx>

Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS)

*The 1986 act set up the *Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS)*, a little-known mechanism whereby parents of vaccine-injured children can voluntarily report such injuries. Due to its obscurity, less than 1% of injuries are reported to VAERS, according to <https://healthit.ahrq.gov/sites/default/files/docs/publication/r18hs017045-lazarus-final-report-2011.pdf>.

*The 1986 act also allows them to seek compensation from the government.

<https://www.hrsa.gov/vaccine-compensation/index.html>

***Even though it is a poor barometer of vaccine hazards, VAERS data is intimately involved in the licensing of vaccines. First, pre-licensure of a vaccine is obtained by comparing a vaccine to another vaccine or to non-viral vaccine contents, never to a placebo which is the honored gold standard of scientific comparisons.**

More about lack of honest placebos

* On page 14 of the 88-page document of *Informed Consent Action Network (ICAN)*, Del Bigtree stated, "As is clear, at the bottom of this pyramid there is not a single placebo-controlled trial relied upon to license any vaccine in this pyramid scheme (with the exception of Gardasil-9 in which 306 individuals received a saline injection after three shots of Gardasil)." This excellent 88-page document is here: <https://icandecide.org/hhs/ICAN-Reply.pdf>.

*After this limited formality is completed, post-licensure is determined by comparing the number of injuries reported to VAERS, as well as the cases adjudicated with the *Vaccine Injury Compensation Program*, versus the number of vaccines distributed nationwide.

*Obviously, distribution does not equal the number of vaccines actually used, and compensated injuries are admittedly a tiny fraction of the actual injuries known to occur.

Length of safety studies not sufficient

*Vaccine package inserts admit that some product trials for some vaccines followed the subjects for four to five days to monitor for adverse reactions. <https://www.fda.gov/media/119403/download> and <https://www.fda.gov/media/74274/download>

*Many vaccine safety trials are six weeks in length, as shown here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Fil_fsdL4ZA

*The FDA says that in Clinical Research Phase Studies, Phase 1 trials take several months; Phase 2 studies take several months to two years; those in